

Access to Care

Wait Time Information System

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels

Version 6 – April 10, 2015

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
Inpatient Admission Elements		
Inpatient Service		The designated bed where the patient designated ALC is currently waiting.
	Acute Care – Non-Surgical	A designated bed providing care to patients who are receiving acute medical care but who are not waiting for or have not had surgical procedures.
	Acute Care – Surgical	A designated bed providing care to patients who are waiting for or have already undergone surgical procedures.
	Complex Continuing Care	A designated bed providing specialized care to patients who are medically complex, require hospital stays, regular onsite physician care and assessment, and active management over extended periods of time.
	Intensive/Critical Care	A designated bed providing care to patients with acute or potentially life-threatening conditions requiring advanced medical care and support.
	Mental Health	A designated bed providing therapeutic services to patients with addictions, psychological, behavioural or emotional illnesses.
	Rehabilitation	A designated bed providing care aimed at maximizing patients' overall physical, sensory, intellectual, psychological & social functions.
Inpatient Admission Source		The location from which a patient is admitted to the hospital.
	Direct Admission	An admission directly to a hospital by a clinician that is unplanned, without requiring an emergency room visit.
	Emergency Room	An admission to hospital through the emergency department.
	Planned Admission	An admission to hospital for a planned surgery, procedure or treatment (e.g. ECT, chemotherapy, elective procedures).
	Transfer from Another Facility	An admission to hospital through a direct transfer from another facility.
Inpatient Admission Date		The date when the patient is admitted to the bed type in which they

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		are designated ALC.
LHIN		The Local Health Integration Networks (LHIN) are local not for profit organizations responsible for planning, integrating and funding local health services in 14 different geographic areas of the province.
Facility		The healthcare facility associated with the site where the patient is registered.
Site		The healthcare site where the patient receives care.
Patient Demographics		Information that identifies an individual patient.
	First Name	The patient's given name.
	Middle Name	The patient's middle name or further given names.
	Last Name	The patient's surname.
	Date of Birth	The year, month and day the patient was born.
	Health Card Number	The health number (numeric portion) from the identification card issued to a health care recipient by a health card assigning authority.
	Health Card Number Version	A 2-character alphanumeric code which uniquely identifies a health card version.
	Authority Issuing	The name of the province that creates/issues the patient's health card.
	Sex	The reported sex/gender of a patient at a given point in time used for administrative purposes.
	Address	The street or mailing address of the patient.
	Address Type	The type of address of the patient.
	City	The city of the patient's address.
	Province/State	The province or state of the patient's address.
	Country	The country of the patient's address.
	Postal/Zip Code	The postal or zip code of the patient's address.

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	Phone Number	The telephone number provided by the patient.
	Phone Number Type	The type of phone number of the patient.
Medical Record Number		The medical record number (MRN) is a unique facility-specific identifier used to identify an individual and his or her medical record/information.
Visit Number		A unique number generated by the facility for each individual waitlist entry.
WTIS Patient Indicator		An indicator used to identify if the patient has already been registered as a patient in the WTIS.
Wait Time Patient ID		The unique identifier assigned to a patient when registered in the WTIS.
Waitlist Entry ID		The unique identifier assigned to the waitlist entry by the WTIS.
Waitlist Entry Status		A status for the waitlist entry indicating whether the waitlist entry has been completed or if it is still open and can be modified.
Last Update Date		The date portion of the WTIS-generated timestamp of the last update made to a waitlist entry.
ALC Designation Elements		
ALC Designation Date		The date when a physician or delegate determines that a patient is occupying a bed in a hospital and does not require the intensity of resources/services provided in this care setting.
Level of Care Required Elements		
ALC Discharge Destination Determination Date		The date when the decision is made by the physician or delegate in collaboration with an interprofessional team (when available), as to where a patient is to be discharged or transferred.
ALC Discharge Destination		The location determined by the physician or delegate in collaboration with an interprofessional team (when available), as to where a patient is to be discharged or transferred. ALC Discharge Destination is

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
		composed of two elements: – Discharge Destination Type & Discharge Destination Detail.
ALC Discharge Destination Type		The facility type or service required by the patient at the point of discharge or transfer.
ALC Discharge Destination Detail		Program specific detail associated with the facility type or service required by the patient at the point of discharge or transfer.
	Discharge Destination Type	Discharge Destination Detail
	Complex Continuing Care Bed	
	A designated bed providing specialized care to patients who are medically complex, require hospital stays, regular onsite physician care and assessment, and active management over extended periods of time.	
		CCC – Low Tolerance Long Duration (LTLD)
	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation suitable for individuals in need of a slower-paced program over a longer period of time than is offered in other in programs. LTLD is used interchangeably with “slow stream rehab.”	
		CCC – Non Low Tolerance Long Duration
	This category would include all patients in complex continuing care beds who are not in an LTLD bed.	
	Convalescent Care Bed	
	Provision of care to support the gradual recovery of health and strength after illness or surgery. Convalescent Care programs provide 24-hour care to people who require specific medical and therapeutic services in supportive environments for defined periods of time.	
	Home	
	Private residence where a patient will live in the community upon discharge from hospital. Provision of an array of services that enables clients to live at home, often with the effect of preventing, delaying, or substituting for long-term care or acute care alternatives.	
		Home with CCAC Services
	Patient is discharged home with services provided by a Community Care Access Centre (CCAC), which acts as a local point of contact to co-ordinate community-based nursing and rehabilitation services. CCACs also determine eligibility for government-funded home and community support services and admission to a long-term care home.	

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
ALC Discharge Destination Detail (cont.)	Home with Community Services	Patient is discharged home with community-based services not offered through a CCAC to support the patient's ability to live in the community. This may include, but is not limited to, day hospital, outpatient programs or clinics, and eldercare day programs.
	Home without Services	Patient is discharged home with no services required.
	Long Term Care (LTC) Bed	A designated bed providing care to meet both the medical and non-medical needs of people with chronic illnesses or disabilities who require care that is not available in the community.
	Mental Health Bed	A designated bed providing therapeutic services to patients with addictions, psychological, behavioural or emotional illnesses.
	Inpatient Dependency Treatment Services	Services designed specifically to care for and treat chemical dependency, under a prescribed treatment program.
	Inpatient Detoxification Services	Services designed to facilitate the process whereby an alcohol/drug intoxicated or alcohol/drug dependent person is assisted through the period necessary to eliminate the intoxicating substance, and/or the dependent factors, while keeping the physiological risk to the patient to a minimum.
	Inpatient Psychiatric Services	Services provided to patients with psychological, behavioural or emotional illnesses requiring voluntary or involuntary inpatient psychiatric care. This category would include all patients in mental health beds who are not in either detoxification or dependency beds.
	Palliative Care Bed	Provision of medical or comfort care to support end-of-life planning to reduce the severity of a disease or slow its progress. The focus is on quality of life measures rather than providing a cure.
	Palliative Hospital Placement	Palliative care delivered within a hospital environment.
	Residential Hospice Care	Specialized residential care to palliative patients.
	Rehabilitation Bed	A designated bed providing care aimed at maximizing patients' overall physical, sensory, intellectual, psychological and social functions. This may include the acquisition of special equipment or other resources.

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
ALC Discharge Destination Detail (cont.)	Cardiac	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with cardiac issues designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
	Geriatric	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for geriatric patients (age as defined by the specific program) designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
	Low Tolerance Long Duration Rehabilitation (LTLD)	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation suitable for individuals in need of slower-paced programs over longer periods of time than are offered in other programs. LTLD is often used interchangeably with “slow stream rehab.”
	Musculoskeletal (MSK)	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with musculoskeletal issues, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise. This may include, but is not limited to, arthritis, osteoporosis, and bone cancer.
	Neurological	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with neurologically related impairments, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise. This may include, but is not limited to, acquired brain injury (ABI), stroke, spinal cord injury and generalized neurological rehabilitation (e.g., degenerative neurological conditions such as Parkinson’s and Multiple Sclerosis).
	Other Rehabilitation	Non-specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients not captured in the above categories, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
	Supervised or Assisted Living	Provision of care for patients (e.g., the elderly or people with physical disabilities) who are able to mobilize independently but who may require assistance with activities of daily living.
	Retirement Home	A multi-unit residential facility providing optional services such as meals, housekeeping, recreational activities and personal support.
	Shelters	Temporary emergency housing for individuals in crisis or without other accommodations. This includes, but is not limited to, homeless patients and victims of domestic violence.

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels			
Data Element	Reference Data		Definition
ALC Discharge Destination Detail (cont.)		Subsidized Housing	Government-supported accommodation for people with low to moderate incomes.
		Supportive Housing/Group Homes/Assisted Living	Accommodation with services provided to an individual with chronic or complex needs as a means of maintaining them in the community. These services may include, but are not limited to, supervision, personal support, and counseling.
	Unknown		Assigned when a patient's ALC Discharge Destination is not known, not established or does not exist.
Most Appropriate Discharge Destination			The location determined by the physician or delegate in collaboration with an interprofessional team (when available), as to where a patient should be discharged or transferred based on the care needs of the patient, irrespective of whether or not the discharge destination is available, accessible and/or exists within the community. The Most Appropriate Discharge Destination may or may not be the same as the ALC Discharge Destination.
	Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Type		The most appropriate facility type or service required based on the care needs of the patient, irrespective of availability, accessibility and/or existence.
	Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Detail		The most appropriate program specific detail associated with the facility type or service based on the care needs of the patient, irrespective of availability, accessibility and/or existence.
	Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Determination Date		The date when the decision is made by the physician or delegate in collaboration with an interprofessional team (when available), as to where a patient should be discharged or transferred based on the care needs of the patient, irrespective of whether or not the most appropriate discharge destination is available, accessible and/or exists within the community.

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels			
Data Element	Reference Data		Definition
Most Appropriate Discharge Destination (cont.)			
	Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Type	Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Detail	
	Complex Continuing Care Bed		A designated bed providing specialized care to patients who are medically complex, require hospital stays, regular onsite physician care and assessment, and active management over extended periods of time.
		CCC – Low Tolerance Long Duration (LTLD)	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation suitable for individuals in need of a slower-paced program over a longer period of time than is offered in other in programs. LTLD is used interchangeably with “slow stream rehab.”
		CCC – Non Low Tolerance Long Duration	This category would include all patients in complex continuing care beds who are not in an LTLD bed.
	Convalescent Care Bed		Provision of care to support the gradual recovery of health and strength after illness or surgery. Convalescent Care programs provide 24-hour care to people who require specific medical and therapeutic services in supportive environments for defined periods of time.
	Home		Private residence where a patient will live in the community upon discharge from hospital. Provision of an array of services that enables clients to live at home, often with the effect of preventing, delaying, or substituting for long-term care or acute care alternatives.
		Home with CCAC Services	Patient is discharged home with services provided by a Community Care Access Centre (CCAC), which acts as a local point of contact to co-ordinate community-based nursing and rehabilitation services. CCACs also determine eligibility for government-funded home and community support services and admission to a long-term care home.
		Home with Community Services	Patient is discharged home with community-based services not offered through a CCAC to support the patient’s ability to live in the community. This may include, but is not limited to, day hospital,

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Most Appropriate Discharge Destination (cont.)		outpatient programs or clinics, and eldercare day programs.
	Home without Services	Patient is discharged home with no services required.
	Long Term Care (LTC) Bed	A designated bed providing care to meet both the medical and non-medical needs of people with chronic illnesses or disabilities who require care that is not available in the community.
	Mental Health Bed	A designated bed providing therapeutic services to patients with addictions, psychological, behavioural or emotional illnesses.
	Inpatient Dependency Treatment Services	Services designed specifically to care for and treat chemical dependency, under a prescribed treatment program.
	Inpatient Detoxification Services	Services designed to facilitate the process whereby an alcohol/drug intoxicated or alcohol/drug dependent person is assisted through the period necessary to eliminate the intoxicating substance, and/or the dependent factors, while keeping the physiological risk to the patient to a minimum.
	Inpatient Psychiatric Services	Services provided to patients with psychological, behavioural or emotional illnesses requiring voluntary or involuntary inpatient psychiatric care. This category would include all patients in mental health beds who are not in either detoxification or dependency beds.
	Palliative Care Bed	Provision of medical or comfort care to support end-of-life planning to reduce the severity of a disease or slow its progress. The focus is on quality of life measures rather than providing a cure.
	Palliative Hospital Placement	Palliative care delivered within a hospital environment.
	Residential Hospice Care	Specialized residential care for palliative patients.
	Rehabilitation Bed	A designated bed providing care aimed at maximizing patients' overall physical, sensory, intellectual, psychological and social functions. This may include the acquisition of special equipment or other resources.
	Cardiac	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with cardiac

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Most Appropriate Discharge Destination (cont.)			issues designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
		Geriatric	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for geriatric patients (age as defined by the specific program) designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
		Low Tolerance Long Duration Rehabilitation (LTLD)	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation suitable for individuals in need of slower-paced programs over longer periods of time than are offered in other programs. LTLD is often used interchangeably with “slow stream rehab.”
		Musculoskeletal (MSK)	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with musculoskeletal issues, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise. This may include, but is not limited to, arthritis, osteoporosis, and bone cancer.
		Neurological	Specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients with neurologically related impairments, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise. This may include, but is not limited to, acquired brain injury (ABI), stroke, spinal cord injury and generalized neurological rehabilitation (e.g., degenerative neurological conditions such as Parkinson’s and Multiple Sclerosis).
		Other Rehabilitation	Non-specialized inpatient rehabilitation program for patients not captured in the above categories, designed to maximize their overall function through interprofessional clinical expertise.
	Supervised or Assisted Living		Provision of care for patients (e.g., the elderly or people with physical disabilities) who are able to mobilize independently but who may require assistance with activities of daily living.
		Retirement Home	A multi-unit residential facility providing optional services such as meals, housekeeping, recreational activities and personal support.
		Shelters	Temporary emergency housing for individuals in crisis or without other accommodations. This includes, but is not limited to, homeless patients and victims of domestic violence.

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Data Element	Reference Data		Definition
		Subsidized Housing	Government-supported accommodation for people with low to moderate incomes.
		Supportive Housing/Group Homes/Assisted Living	Accommodation with services provided to an individual with chronic or complex needs as a means of maintaining them in the community. These services may include, but are not limited to, supervision, personal support, and counseling.
Specialized Needs and Supports			The specialized care needs/supports of the patient required at the ALC Discharge Destination.
	Category	Subcategory	
	Need		The specialized care needs/supports of the patient required at the ALC Discharge Destination that are not preventing or are not known to be preventing discharge.
	Barrier		The specialized care needs/supports of the patient required at the ALC Discharge Destination that are preventing or delaying discharge.
	Bariatric Requirements		Services designed to provide care for patients diagnosed with obesity. This may include, but is not limited to, oversized beds, larger doorways, and access to specialized equipment.
	Behavioural Requirements	1:1 Support	Services designed to provide care to patients identified by the physician and/or delegate to be requiring an elevated level of support, whereby one (or more) staff person(s) is assigned to be within close physical proximity to the patient for a period of time while maintaining constant visual observation. This may include one-to-one support for the entire duration of the patient stay, or for a limited time.
		Aggressive Behaviours	Services designed to provide care for patients who exhibit aggressive behaviours including but not limited to; pushing, spitting, hitting, property destruction, etc.
		Sexualized Behaviours	Services designed to provide care for patients who exhibit sexualized behaviours including but not limited to; inappropriate touching or grabbing, exposure of private parts, sexualized

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels			
Data Element	Reference Data		Definition
Specialized Needs and Supports (cont.)			conversation, etc.
		Unspecified	Services designed to provide care for patients who have behavioural requirements that do not fall under the category of 1:1 support, aggressive or sexualized behaviours. This may include, but is not limited to; impulsivity, hyperactivity, self-injury, etc. Services may also be outpatient or community-based.
	Developmental Requirements		Services designed to provide care for patients who have developmental requirements including but not limited to autism spectrum disorder (ASD), fetal alcohol spectrum disorder (FASD), attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), learning disabilities, etc. This may include outpatient or community-based services.
	Dialysis Requirements		Services designed to provide care for patients with renal impairment necessitating hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.
	Equipment/Structural Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes bariatrics 		Modifications to the discharge destination required prior to the patients' discharge. This may include equipment installation (e.g., lifts, grab bars), or structural changes (e.g., widening of doors, building ramps). This category excludes bariatric requirements.
	Feeding Requirements		Services designed to provide patients with a non-oral form of nutrition. Routes may include enteral (e.g., gastric tube or nasogastric tube), or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).
	Infection Control/Isolation Requirements	Isolation	Services designed to provide care for patients requiring isolation or negative ventilation accommodations due to an infectious or immune-compromised condition.
		Outbreak at Discharge Destination	When the discharge of a patient designated ALC is prevented or delayed due to an outbreak occurring at the facility in which the patient is expected to be discharged to.
		Outbreak at Facility	When the discharge of a patient designated ALC is prevented or delayed due to an outbreak occurring at the facility in which the

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels			
Data Element	Reference Data		Definition
			patient currently resides.
	Mechanical Ventilation Requirements		Services designed to provide care for patients who are mechanically ventilated.
	Medications/Labs/Therapy Requirements		Services may include, but are not limited to, chemotherapy, radiation therapy, pain control, intravenous medication administration, high-cost / difficult-access medications, ongoing lab work, and monitoring of medication levels.
	Mental Health Requirements	Addictions	Services designed to provide care for patients who have an addiction including but not limited to; drugs (street, prescription), alcohol, tobacco, etc.
		Concurrent Disorders	Services designed to provide care for patients who have a 'concurrent disorders' meaning that a patient has both a psychiatric diagnosis and a substance abuse diagnosis (which may include both drugs and alcohol).
		Unspecified	Services designed to provide care for patients who have mental health requirements that do not fall under the category of concurrent disorders or addictions. This may include, but is not limited to; eating disorders, mood disorders, personality disorders, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, etc.
	Neurological Requirements	Acquired Brain Injury***	Services designed to provide care for patients who have an Acquired Brain Injury including but not limited to; traumatic and non-traumatic brain injury. <i>Traumatic Brain Injury:</i> A traumatic brain injury can be classed as an open or closed injury. A closed injury is caused when the brain is bounced around in the skull due to a blow to the head or severe shaking such as in a road traffic accident. A closed motion can cause tearing, shearing or stretching of the brain tissue. An open injury occurs when an object such as a bullet, fractures the skull and enters the brain.

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		<i>Non-Traumatic Brain Injury:</i> A non-traumatic injury is an injury that does not occur as a result of trauma. This includes stroke, tumours, infectious diseases, lack of oxygen or toxicity.
		Unspecified
	Respiratory Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes ventilation 	
	Social Requirements	Financial Constraints
		Housing/Homelessness*

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		<i>Inadequately Housed:</i> Living in a home that does not meet basic standards (e.g. in substandard housing, suffering mold infestation, overcrowding, inaccessible for the person or family) includes people who are in core housing need.
	Lack of Social Support**	Services designed to assist patients who experience a lack of social support including but not limited to; social exclusion, lack of emotional support or companionship, etc.
	Legal Concerns	Services designed for patients who experience legal issues including but not limited to; guardianship, refugee and immigration status, divorce and separation, Ontario Review Board (ORB), power of attorney, Children's Aid Society (CAS), etc.
	Unspecified	Services designed for patients who have social requirements that do not fall under the category of housing/homelessness, financial constraints, lack of social support or legal concerns. This may include, but is not limited to patients requiring; Ontario Disability Support Program (ODSP), domestic violence services, culturally-specific services, gender/sexuality-specific services, etc.
	Wound Care Requirements	Services designed to provide care for patients with compromised skin or tissue integrity. This may include, but is not limited to, care of amputations or prosthetics, ostomy sites, VAC therapy, surgical wounds and pressure ulcer dressings.
Change in Status Elements		
ALC Discontinuation Date		The date when a patient's needs or condition changes and the designation of ALC no longer applies, resulting in closure of the waitlist entry.
ALC Discontinuation Reason		The specific reason the ALC designation is discontinued.
	Change in Destination Invalidates ALC Designation	Closure of a waitlist entry when a change in the discharge destination negates the ALC designation (e.g., movement to another bed of the same bed type).

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
	Change in Medical Status	Closure of a waitlist entry when a patient experiences a significant change in medical condition and ALC designation no longer applies. Patient remains in current bed type.
	Data Entry Error	Closure of a waitlist entry due to a user data entry error.
	Death	Closure of a waitlist entry when a patient is deceased.
	Discharge Against Medical Advice	Closure of a waitlist entry when a patient, family member, or a third party other than the interprofessional team, decides that the patient should be removed from hospital, contrary to the established care plan and against the recommendations of the physician or delegate.
	Transfer to Acute Care	Closure of a waitlist entry when an ALC patient becomes acutely ill and the patient requires discharge to acute care to receive treatment that cannot be provided in the current bed type. The important qualifier is that the patient was ALC waiting for another bed type and not waiting for transfer to another acute care bed.
	Unplanned Repatriation	Closure of a waitlist entry when an ALC patient is waiting for another bed type and is unexpectedly transferred back to his/her community hospital to continue the wait, resulting in the discontinuation of the ALC wait. The important qualifier is that the patient was ALC waiting for another bed type and not waiting for transfer to another acute care bed.
ALC Re-designation Date		The date when a physician or delegate determines that a patient is again occupying a bed in a hospital and does not require the intensity of resources/services provided in this care setting following a period of time in which a patient's ALC status had been discontinued due to a change in medical status.
Transfer Date (Site to Site Transfer)		The date when a patient is moved from the same inpatient bed type at one site to the same inpatient bed type at another site within the same multisite facility.
Discharge Elements		

ALC Wait Time Data Elements and System Labels		
Data Element	Reference Data	Definition
Actual Discharge Date		The date when the patient is formally discharged from the reporting facility.
Wait Time (Days)		The total number of patient wait days.
Acute Care Episode (ACE)		The total number of days that a patient's ALC designation was discontinued due to a change in medical status. This represents the days between ALC Discontinuation and ALC Re-designation, which are excluded from the overall ALC wait time calculation.

References	
Data Element	Reference
*Social Requirements: Housing/Homelessness	*Social Planning Council of Winnipeg. (2012). <i>A Place to Call Home: Homelessness in Winnipeg in 2011</i> . Available at: http://www.spcw.mb.ca/files/4013/3917/1275/A_Place_to_Call_Home_FINAL.pdf Accessed October 1, 2014.
**Social Requirements: Lack of Social Support	**Seeman, Teresa. (2008). <i>Support and social conflict: Section one – social support</i> . Available at: http://www.macses.ucsf.edu/research/psychosocial/socsupp.php Accessed October 1, 2014.
***Neurological Requirements: Acquired Brain Injury	***Headway Brain Injury Services and Support. (2011). <i>What is an acquired brain injury?</i> Available at: http://www.headway.ie/download/pdf/what_is_abi.pdf Accessed October 1, 2014.

Revision Notes				
Version #	Date YYYY/MM/DD	Data Element Changed	Details/Change	Changed By
3	20141216	Inpatient Admission Elements	Inpatient Admission Date: Definition changed from: "The date when the patient is admitted to hospital" to "The date when the patient is admitted to the bed type in which they are designated ALC "	AGibson
4	20150105	-Specialized Needs and Supports – Barrier -WTIS Expansion 2015/16: ALC Data Elements	-Specialized Needs and Supports - Barrier: Definition amended to include "preventing or delaying discharge " -WTIS Expansion 2015/16: ALC Data Elements Additions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Transfer Date (Site to Site Transfer) - Most Appropriate Discharge Destination Determination Date (MADDDD) - ALC Discharge Destination and Most Appropriate Discharge Destination of 'Unknown' - Specialized Needs and Supports Category: Developmental Requirements - Specialized Needs and Supports Category and Subcategory: Social Requirements (Financial Constraints, Housing/Homelessness, Lack of Social Support, Legal Concerns, Unspecified) Modification/Removal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Removal of ALC Discharge Destination and Most Appropriate Discharge Destination of 'To Be Determined (TBD)' - Modification of Specialized Needs and Supports Categories; Addition of Subcategories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Infection Control/Isolation Requirements (Isolation, Outbreak at Facility, Outbreak at Discharge Destination) o Behavioural Requirements (1:1 Support, Aggressive Behaviours, Sexualized Behaviours, Unspecified) o Neurological Requirements (Acquired Brain Injury, Unspecified) o Mental Health Requirements (Addictions, Concurrent Disorders, Unspecified) 	AGibson